Playbills, Playhouses and Players.



June 2022

1. Windmill Theatre, Great Windmill Street, Soho, London.

The Windmill Theatre opened in 1931 on the site of the old Palais de Luxe cinema off Piccadilly, and was initially famed for its 18 act continuous variety performances that would run for entire afternoons. As other establishments diluted the market, General Manager Vivian Van Damm followed in the footsteps of the Foiles Bergere and Moulin Rouge, producing the first live nude shows sanctioned by British government, on one condition: "If you move, it's rude"

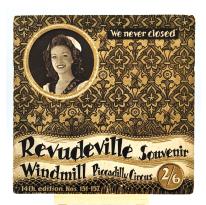
Van Damm convinced the censor of theatrical performances, the then Lord Chamberlain, Lord Cromer, that as nude statues were not obscene, living statues could not be either. The subsequent shows were a huge success. Tableaux vivants soon gave way to the now legendary fan dancers, concealing their nudity in complex choreography before being revealed fully nude by assistants while staying perfectly - and legally - still. As well as the ostrich feathers, a variety of props were designed to spin around a nude, or for a nude to spin around - a girl with good core strength could hold onto a rope and be spun around the room, as long as she kept herself in form.

2. Revudeville Souvenir 13th edition

A Vivian van Damm Production. The Windmill Theatre, Piccadilly, London. [c1942]

13th edition, featuring performance numbers 146-150. Staple bound booklet with a peep hole in the front cover. 22 pages of black and white souvenir photographs by Ernest Horton including various nude Tableaux vivants. Famed "We never closed" on the green and gold card wraps. Price of 2/6 to front. Delicate around the staples and a little foxing, otherwise bright. Front inner states "eleven years and still running", giving a potential date of 1942. £80







3. Revudeville Souvenir 14th edition

A Vivian van Damm Production. The Windmill Theatre, Piccadilly, London. 1943.

14th edition, featuring performance numbers 151-157. Staple bound booklet with a peep hole in the front cover. 20 pages of black and white souvenir photographs by Ernest Horton including various nude Tableaux vivants. Famed "We never closed" on the brown and gold card wraps. Price of 2/6 to front. Minor tears to front wrap and a little foxed to rear, but otherwise bright. Centrefold detached due to staples rusting. Front inner states "twelve years and still running", Henderson's introduction confirms February 1943. £80

4. Revudeville Souvenir 15th edition

A Vivian van Damm Production. The Windmill Theatre, Piccadilly, London. November 1943

15th edition, featuring performance numbers 158-166. Staple bound booklet with a peep hole in the front cover. 20 pages of black and white souvenir photographs by Ernest Horton including various nude Tableaux vivants. Famed "We never closed" on the purple and gold card wraps. Price of 2/6 to front. Wraps remain bright, internally clean save the centrefold detached. Front inner states "twelve years and still running", Henderson's introduction confirms thirteen years upcoming the following February 1944. £80

Windmill owner Mrs Laura Henderson successfully argued against the order closure during the war, only ceeding to a 12 day compulsory close down during the Blitz. Her only son had died in the trenches in France in 1915; he was recovered with a photograph of a nude dancer in his jacket. Henderson argued the ban on theatre on behalf of all the young soldiers who may otherwise never have seen a woman naked, never knowing if this was the case for her son.

The performers spoke highly of Van Damm. One is reported as saying: "He kept an eye on us all, and never more so than during the Blitz when he enforced the following rule: When a girl left the theatre she had to take her tin hat and report where she was going. In the event of her failing to return, he would know where to dig."





5. Folies Bergère, 9th Arrondissement, Paris, 1927.

Folies-Bergère programme, March 1927. Staplebound plum and gold wraps, with cigar advertising label over both front and back top corners. Advertisements throughout in both English and French. Featuring several Josephine Baker performances, her appearances at Folies-Bergère theatre 1926 -27 being those that cemented her reputation as the heroine of the Jazz scene, as well as her caricature exoticism performances being a precursor to the developing Négritude movement, which came to prominence in the 1930s. £75



6. M. Paul Derval Présente Folie en Fleurs, Paris, 1938.

Silver staplebound wraps, blind embossed with a cut out design to front. Large vertical crease as well as other minor creasing and rubbing. Lavishly designed programme of Derval's Folie en Fleurs performance, containing predominantly nude performance photographs of both male and female performers. £45





- 7. Theatre Royal, English Opera House, Strand. Last Night but Two of the Season... To conclude with the revived ORIGINAL Melo-Drama, as performed with the greatest applause for upward of One Hundred Nights in this Theatre; and on which celebrated the Opera, lately produced, was founded, The Vampire; or, The Bride of the Isles...
- S. G. Fairbrother, Lyceum Printing Office, Exeter Court, Strand [London]. 1829. Single leaf broadside 210 x 340mm. Chipped and marked to extremities.

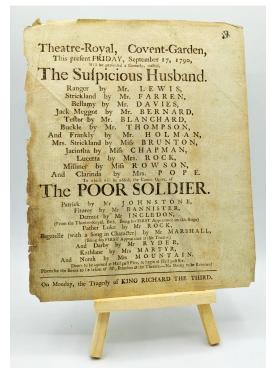
Playbill for the 1829 revival of the original 1820 play, showcasing one of the earliest iterations of the Vampire as a character of sophistication. James Robinson Planché had been hesitant when approached by Samuel Arnold to adapt Charles Nodier's Le Vampire for the Lyceum English Opera House, due in part to its historically inaccurate setting of Scotland, however the melodrama swifty opened to immediate success. The Nodier script was later converted into an opera for the German stage by Heinrich Marschner, itself translated into English during 1829 and staged in London at the same venue as the melodramatic original, for which Planché pointed out in his autobiography that he "wrote the libretto, laid the scene of action in Hungary, where the superstition exists to this day, and in many other respects improved upon my earlier version" and specifically makes reference to "the costumes novel as well as correct". The Theatre Royal thus hosted both of Planche's versions of this early Gothic keystone tradition in the same season; this playbill is for the third performance of the revival, two nights before the end of season, implying a possible just five performances of the hugely successful original following some 60 performances of "the celebrated Opera, lately produced". We were unable to identify any other playbills for this revival in institutional collections, £600





8) Theatre Royal, HaymarketTheatre Royal Haymarket... Mr T. P. Cooke will return to the stage this evening for six nights only... W. S. Johnson, St Martin's Lane, Charing Cross [1857].

Single leaf double width broadside 508 x 502mm. Vertical and horizontal folds, significant losses to bottom corners including a small amount of text. Both creased and marked. Late career performance by noted English actor T. P. Cooke, six years before his death. Here reprising his most successful role of William in Black-Eyed Susan, other notable performances included Frankenstien's Monster in Presumption, or The Fate of Frankenstein; Lord Ruthven in The Vampire. £150



9) Theatre-Royal, Covent Garden. This present FRIDAY, September 17, 1790, will be presented a Comedy, called, The Suspicious Husband... To which will be added the Comic Opera of The POOR SOLDIER. London, 1790.

Single lead broadside 210 x 259mm. Chipped predominantly to the left side.

The Suspicious Husband by Benjamin Hoadly premiered at the Theatre-Royal in 1747 starring David Garrick. This rendition stars both William Lewis and William Farren. The Poor Soldier, a pasticcio opera comedy by William Shield, premiered in 1783 also at this theatre. This rendition sees the first appearances on the London stage of Charles Incledon, 'the' English Ballad Singer, and the production that began composer William Shield & Incledon's lifelong professional relationship. £50

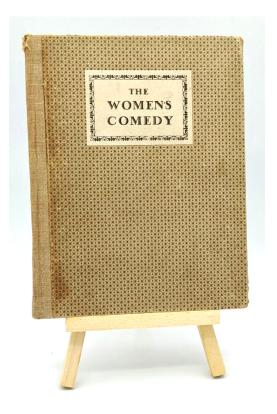
10. GUERRY SIMPSON Helen de. The Women's Comedy. The Pelican Press, London, 1926.

Octavo, publisher's pattern paper boards over quarter cloth, printed title label mounted to front. Boards bumped and rubbed, with a little foxing, cloth spine torn to spine top. Internally bright and clan save a little foxing on the inner boards. Presentation copy inscribed by the author to novelist, poet, and political activist Naomi Mitchison.

Privately printed for the author in 1926. Simpson was an Australian born novelist and short story writer, and later a British Liberal Party politician. Having previously studied French at the university, Simpson was one of the earliest women to matriculate Oxford, though was sent down before receiving her degree, ostentensibly for attending a mixed-gender drama club. Naomi Mitchison, to whom the book is inscribed, had also attended Oxford before the outbreak of WWI, though it is unclear if they met here, or later on the political circuit.

Predominantly a novelist, Mitchinson had intended to go into the sciences - indeed her first publication was at the age of eighteen (with her brother John), was "Reduplication in Mice", which happens to be the first demonstration of genetic linkage in

mammals. Of the ninety or so that she wrote in her lifetime, her most notorious novel remains 1936's We Have Been Warned. £100



11. Gaiety Theatre, London. Sheet music for Frankenstein, or The Vampire's Victim, "The Dispensary Doctor". December 1887.

Sheet music and lyrics for four subsequent verses. Large black and white illustration of Edwin Jesse Lonnen in costume as the vampire Visconti on a coloured background, bottom edge cut short across text. Leaves are bright and mostly clean, with some ink & other rubbing.

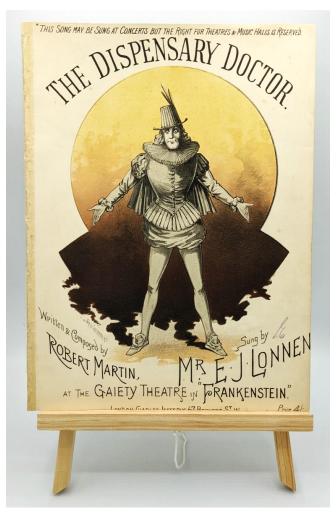
This cabaret burlesque version of Frankenstein debuted with an impressive cast including Nellie Farren, Fred Leslie, and E. J. Lonnen. The play was produced as a strong Christmas performance for Fred Leslie and Ellen Farren who had been performing abroad, and while reviews were tenuously mixed, the play ran 106 performances, which in 1994 was still the longest run of any British dramatisation of the novel.

While the original script is exceedingly rare, actress, academic, and scholar Roxana Stuart says in her book *Stage Blood*, says:

"The Victorian equivalent of such "B" movies as *Dracula Meets the Wolf Man*, *The Vampire's Victim* brings together the two most popular figures of spectral melodrama: Dr Frankenstein, here a breeches role, and the vampire, in this case the Viscount Visconti. There is also a a vampire girlfriend, Mary Ann, and a vampire club."

Steven Earl Forrey, in Hideous Progenies: *Dramatizations of Frankenstein from Mary Shelley to the Present*, remarks:

"'Extravagance' would be the word to describe Vampire's Victim. Not content with one Creature, it also includes a terra cotta model and two vampires. Thus, it is the first dramatization to place on stage the creatures of Mary Shelley and John Polidori." £200



12. Alhambra Bradford, Artistes' Salaries and Commission Account. 1917 - 1921.

8.5 x 11", lined ledger. Cloth over half brown calf, title to front in gilt. Spine is worn and chipped, corners all bumped with cosmetic losses. Ledger remains tightly bound, page block bright and fresh. Fully lined, entries in black ink, contemporary notes in red, filled out throughout. Two contemporary newspaper cuttings related to the theatre are loosely inserted. £500

Francis Laidler "The King of Pantomime" (1867 - 1955) opened The *Alhambra Theatre*, Bradford 1912, close to the sites of both the *Prince's* and *Palace Theatres* where he'd been enjoying a successful career as music hall owner. The *Alhambra* was a spectacularly elaborate new theatre boasting a 1,650 capacity, hot water heating and electric light. Eleven dressing rooms also enjoyed these benefits, though with the caveat of generosity pinned to each door: "Please DO NOT ask the management for complimentary tickets for your friends. If your friends will not pay to see you, why should the public?"

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Although Laidler remains widely regarded as The King of Pantomime, these were not produced at the Alhambra until 1929, preferring, as seen in the ledger, a large variety of alternative entertainments. All the artists' agents' names are clearly entered into the ledger, along with their weekly salary, and any notes regarding payment. Some artists include:

Belle Davis, American choreographer, dancer and singer, said ro have been the first black woman to make a recording.

The Great Carmo, one time the leading illusionist of British vaudeville, and somewhat tragic circus owner. The Great Carmo's show eventually became the most lauded of its time in England.

George Formby - inspiration for Chaplin's "The Tramp", and father to George Formby OBE.

Nelson Keys, the British musical comedy star of stage and screen, including with the Ziegfeld Follies. **Harry "The Handcuff King" Houdini**, appears here also in 1920, having become one of the world's highest paid entertainers over the last decade touring Europe.

13. BOCCHI, Arrigo. [An extensive collection of ephemeral material relating to the musical career of violinist-conductor Arrigo Bocchi in Italy and London]. Italy & London, 1888 - 1900.

2 vols oblong octavo. Vol I, 80 leaves, vol II, 103 leaves. Uniform red buckram title in gilt to upper boards "ALBUM MEMOIRE DE ENRICHO BOCCHI". Worn, stained, both volumes lacking spine covering. Some marking and browning internally. Programmes and letters sometimes folded, and occasionally only part present.



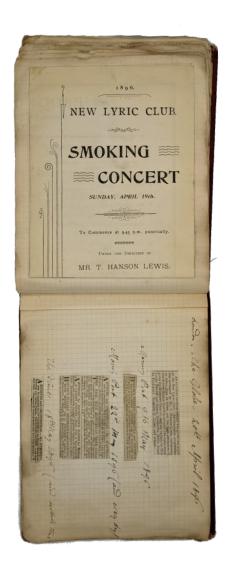


The contents of this extensive ephemeral archive comprise:

Volume I: 76 programmes, four invitations/tickets, nine autograph manuscript or typescript letters, 150 newspaper clippings, and one carte de visite. Volume 2: 104 programmes, six tickets/invitations, fourteen autograph manuscript or typescript letters, 85 textual news clippings, and three photographic clippings.

A remarkably wide ranging collection charting the career of contemporarily well regarded violinist and conductor Arrigo Bocchi, who's sextet journalists referred to as "now well known to Londonders, who appreciate their musicianly qualities and mastery of their several instruments... each is a first class soloist, hence the excellence of their ensemble playing. Signor Bocchi has studied at the Naples Conservatoire... they play with the greatest artistic feeling and expression". Both performing as a soloist as well as conducting others in a variety of billings from vocal recitals to full orchestral productions under an array of guises (including, but not limited to: Bocchi's Sextet; Royal Italian Sextet; The Bocchi Sextet; Bocchi's Orchestra; Royal Drawing Room Sextet). The musical range of the violinist-conductor appears to have been exceptionally broad,, including those originally composed by: Wagner; Strauss; Bizet; Grieg; Gounod; Saint-Saëns; Brahms; Mozart; Mendelssohn; alongside Bocchi's countrymen Verdi; Mascagni; and Tosti.

Alongside the heavily commercial promotional material relating to west end performances, many of the programmes included in this largely Fin de Siècle



collection were produced for intimate concerts, soirees, and private celebrations (including a diamond wedding, before the Prince of Wales, and various London clubs), and would presumably would thus have been printed in very limited quantities. The very ephemeral nature of these items points to the scarcity of their survival. Aside from his published musical score *Foglie d'Album. Quattro composizioni per Piano-Forte* (London, 1895), there are no records in OCLC of any material relating to Bocchi in institutional libraries.

Highlights include **Strawberry Hill**, musical performances conducted by Bocchi, July 13th 1898; **Buckingham Palace**, for His Royal Highness Prince Charles of Denmark [later King Haakon VII of Norway], as noted by the thank you note to Bocchi on Palace headed notepaper; **Marie Tempest**, with Bocchi providing the musical accompaniment, alongside **George Grossmith** at The Queen's Hall, Langham Place, thursday July 16, 1896; **Victoria Circulating Library**, where Bocchi's Trio performed ten pieces including works by Mendelssohn, Brahms, Wagner and Gounod; **London Clubland**, multiple and various including Grosvenor, Nimrod, and Sheen House. £950

For any further photographs, or indeed sales enquiries, please contact:

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